POD INSTALLATION AND CONFIGURATION GUIDE

Network Security

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1 Introduction

This document provides detailed guidance on performing the installation and configuration of the Network Security pod on the NETLAB+ system.

1.1 Using NETLAB+ to Deliver Network Security

NDG has partnered with the National Information, Security & Geospatial Technologies Consortium to enable NETLAB+ support of the Network Security course. The use of NETLAB+ Provides an enormous opportunity for educational organizations seeking a scalable, cost effective solution to offer access to the technology required for the NISGTC Program, which introduces students to Network Security technologies and equips them with valuable security skills.

1.2 Introducing the Network Security Pod

The Network Security pod is a 100% virtual machine pod consisting of 8 virtual machines. Linked together through virtual networking, these 8 virtual machines provide the environment for a student or team to perform the Network Security labs.
2 Planning

This guide provides specific information pertinent to delivering the Network Security course. The NETLAB+ Remote PC Guide Series provides the prerequisite guidance for setting up your VMware infrastructure, including:

- An introduction to virtualization using NETLAB+.
- Detailed setup instructions for standing up VMware vCenter and VMware ESXi.
- Virtual machine and virtual pod management concepts using NETLAB+.

This document assumes that you have set up virtual machine infrastructure in accordance with the NETLAB+ Remote PC Guide Series. The planning information below refers to specific sections in the Remote PC Guide when applicable.

2.1 Pod Creation Workflow

The following list is an overview of the pod setup process.

1. Obtain the master virtual machine images required for the pod.
2. Deploy the master virtual machine images to a master pod.
   a. Deploy virtual machines using Thin Provisioning to reduce storage consumption.
   b. Make necessary adjustments to each virtual machine in the environment.
      i. Insert manual MAC addresses.
      ii. Change default network to SAFETY NET.
3. Import the virtual machines deployed to the NETLAB+ Virtual Machine Inventory.
4. Activate or license the required software on each virtual machine.
5. Take a snapshot of each virtual machine in the master pod labeled GOLDEN_MASTER. The GOLDEN_MASTER snapshot is used to clone virtual machine images for the user pods.
6. Create copies of the virtual machines in the master pod on a VMware host using the NETLAB+ Pod Cloning feature.
7. If multiple hosts are used in the NETLAB+ environment, make a full clone of the master pod on the initial host (Host A) to the subsequent host (Host B), using the NETLAB+ Pod Cloning feature.
2.2 Pod Resource Requirements

The Network Security course will consume 66 GB of storage per each master pod instance.

The following table provides details of the storage requirements for each of the virtual machines in the pod.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virtual Machine</th>
<th>Initial Master Pod (Thin Provisioning)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Windows 2008</td>
<td>6.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 8</td>
<td>8.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backtrack 5R3</td>
<td>11.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ubuntu</td>
<td>4.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 2008 Firewall</td>
<td>6.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 2008 Sniffer</td>
<td>8.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backtrack 5</td>
<td>11.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 7</td>
<td>9.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Recommended</strong></td>
<td><strong>66 GB</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.3 ESXi Host Server Requirements

Please refer to the NDG website for specific ESXi host requirements to support virtual machine delivery: [http://www.netdevgroup.com/content/vmita/requirements/](http://www.netdevgroup.com/content/vmita/requirements/)

The number of active pods that can be used simultaneously depends on the NETLAB+ product edition, appliance version and number of VMware ESXi host servers meeting the hardware requirements specifications.

For current ESXi server requirements refer to the following URL: [http://www.netdevgroup.com/support/remote_pc.html#vm_host_server_specifications](http://www.netdevgroup.com/support/remote_pc.html#vm_host_server_specifications).
2.4 NETLAB+ Requirements

Installation of Network Security pods, as described in this guide, requires that your NETLAB+ system is equipped with NETLAB+ version 2011.R5 or later.

For additional information regarding NETLAB+ requirements, please see: http://www.netdevgroup.com/content/cybersecurity/requirements/

Please also refer to: NETLAB+ Remote PC Guide Series

2.5 Software Requirements

For the purpose of software licensing, each virtual machine is treated as an individual machine, PC or server. Please refer to the specific vendor license agreements (and educational discount programs, if applicable) to determine licensing requirements for your virtual machines’ software, operating system and applications.

The virtual infrastructure software required for standing up this pod is in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virtual Infrastructure Requirements</th>
<th>Version</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>vSphere ESXi</td>
<td>5.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vCenter Server</td>
<td>5.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The pod software requirements as shown in the following table lists the licensed software that is required for virtual machines inside the Network Security pod. Your organization needs to be a member of the vendor programs listed in the source column to obtain and use the licenses appropriately.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pod Software Requirements</th>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Source</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Windows Server</td>
<td>2008 Standard SP1 x86</td>
<td>Dreamspark</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 8</td>
<td>8.1 Enterprise x86</td>
<td>Dreamspark</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 7</td>
<td>Pro x86</td>
<td>Dreamspark</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.6 Networking Requirements

To accommodate the movement of large VMs, OVF/OVAs and ISO disk images from one host to another, Gigabit Ethernet or better connectivity is recommended to interconnect your NETLAB+, vCenter Server system and ESXi host systems.

Two standard networking models recommended to interconnect your servers are described in detail in the Networking Models section of the Remote PC Guide Series – Volume 1.
3 Obtaining Software and Licenses

3.1 Downloading OVF Files

The virtual machines are available as Open Virtualization Format (OVF) or Open Virtualization Archive (OVA) files. These files are available for download from CSSIA.

To request access to the preconfigured virtual machine templates from CSSIA:

2. Select VM Image Sharing Agreement – Image Sharing Agreement.
3. Select VM Image Sharing Agreement to open the request form.
4. Complete and submit your access request by following the instructions on the request form.
5. CSSIA will email a link, along with a username and password to access the download server. Access to the download server is provided only to customers who are current with their NETLAB+ support contract and are participants in the appropriate partner programs (i.e. Cisco Networking Academy, VMware IT Academy, and/or EMC Academic Alliance).
6. Once access to the download server has been established, the virtual machines can be deployed directly to the vCenter Server by clicking on File > Deploy OVF Template in the vClient window and copying the link into the location field.
7. The deployment will start after the username and password are entered.
8. Each virtual machine is deployed individually.
4  Master Pod Configuration

4.1  Deploying Virtual Machine OVF/OVA Files

Deploy on your host server the pod virtual machine OVF/OVA files you have downloaded.

1. Open the vClient on your administration machine where you downloaded the files from NDG. Connect to your vCenter Server.
2. Select **Hosts and Clusters** in the address bar.
3. Click on the first ESXi Host Server.
4. Click on **File -> Deploy OVF Template**.
5. Click on **Browse** and locate the OVF/OVA file you downloaded from CSSIA. Click **Next** to continue.
6. On the OVF Template Details window, click **Next**.
7. On the Name and Location window, change the name of the virtual machine to something that is easy to manage. You can use the names provided in the list below as names for the virtual machines if you do not have a set naming convention. Click **Next**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virtual Machine Topology Name</th>
<th>Virtual Machine Deployment Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Windows 8</td>
<td>Net_Security_Master_Win8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backtrack 5R3 Internal</td>
<td>Net_Security_Master_BT5Int</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ubuntu</td>
<td>Net_Security_Master_Ubuntu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 2008 Firewall</td>
<td>Net_Security_Master_Win2008Fw</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 2008 Sniffer</td>
<td>Net_Security_Master_Win2008Sniff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backtrack 5 External</td>
<td>Net_Security_Master_BT5Ext</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 7</td>
<td>Net_Security_Master_Win7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8. On the Datastore window, select the appropriate datastore and click **Next**.
9. On the Disk Format window, select **Thin provisioned** format and click **Next**.
10. On the Network Mapping window, ensure SAFETY NET is selected for all Destination Networks. Click **Next**.

If SAFETY NET is not available, please refer to the **NETLAB+ Remote PC Guide - Volume 3** for the installation and configuration of the virtual network.

Network mapping is handled automatically by the NETLAB+ system during pod creation.

11. On the Ready to Complete window, confirm the information and click **Finish**.
12. vCenter will begin deploying the virtual machine. This may take some time depending on the speed of your connection, HDDs, etc.
13. When completed, click on **Close**.
14. Repeat steps 4 – 13 for the remaining virtual machine files.
4.2 Modify and Activate Virtual Machines

The following tasks must be performed prior to taking snapshots or assigning the virtual machines to pods.

4.2.1 Modify Network Interface Cards

Once the virtual machines are imported onto the host, change the Network Interface Cards (NIC’s) MAC address via the VMware vSphere Client interface. The following steps will guide you through the process.

1. In the vSphere Web Client interface, right-click on the imported virtual machine and select **Edit Settings**.
2. For all of the virtual machines manually assign the MAC addresses for each NIC. The table below identifies the MAC addresses per NIC.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virtual Machine</th>
<th>NIC</th>
<th>MAC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Windows 2008</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>00:50:56:9c:4a:e1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>00:50:56:9c:f0:85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backtrack 5R3 Internal</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>00:50:56:9c:21:a0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ubuntu</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>00:50:56:9c:d4:3e</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 2008 Firewall</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>00:50:56:9c:a9:97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>00:50:56:9c:8a:94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 2008 Sniffer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>00:50:56:9c:6b:f5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>00:50:56:9c:f3:dd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backtrack 5 External</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>00:50:56:9c:a8:b1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>00:50:56:a4:09:c8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Repeat steps 1 – 2 for each of the virtual machines in the pod.
4.2.2 Modify BIOS Setup

Once the virtual machines are imported onto the host, you will need to verify or change the boot order of both the Windows 2008 Firewall and Windows 2008 Sniffer virtual machines.

First, we must make the virtual machine boot into BIOS. Right-click on the Windows 2008 Sniffer master VM and select Edit Settings. Then check the Force BIOS Setup in the Boot Options section of the Virtual Machine Properties Options. Once finished, click OK to save the configurations.
Next, we must make the Windows 2008 Firewall virtual machine boot into BIOS. Right-click on the Windows 2008 Firewall master VM and select **Edit Settings**. Then check the Force BIOS Setup in the Boot Options section of the Virtual Machine Properties Options. Once finished, click **OK** to save the configurations.

In the next section, you will need to use the keyboard to navigate the BIOS menu system.

### 4.2.3 Windows 2008 Sniffer Boot Order

1. **Power On** the Windows 2008 Sniffer virtual machine within the vSphere Client.
2. Select **Open Console**.

In the Windows 2008 Sniffer BIOS, use the keyboard to navigate to the **Boot** tab. Verify that the boot order is similar to the order shown below. If not, you will need to select the hard drive using the arrow keys and change its position either up or down by using the <+> or <-> keys as noted in the help section on the right.
Once the order is correct, you can save the BIOS setting and exit BIOS by pressing the **F10** key.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility</th>
<th>Item Specific Help</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Main Advanced Security Boot Exit</td>
<td>Keys used to view or configure devices:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Removable Devices</strong></td>
<td><strong>Enter</strong> expands or collapses devices with a + or -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CD-ROM Drive</strong></td>
<td><strong>Ctrl+Enter</strong> expands all</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hard Drive</strong></td>
<td><strong>&lt;-&gt;</strong> and &lt;-&gt; moves the device up or down.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network boot from Intel E1000</td>
<td><strong>n</strong> May move removable device between Hard Disk or Removable Disk</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network boot from Intel E1000 #2</td>
<td><strong>d</strong> Remove a device that is not installed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Once the settings are configured, gracefully shut down the VM and navigate your way back into Virtual Machine Properties Options (Section 4.2.2). Uncheck the checkbox under Force BIOS Setup and click **OK**.

### 4.2.4 Windows 2008 Firewall Boot Order

1. **Power On** the Windows 2008 Firewall virtual machine within the vSphere Client.
2. Select **Open Console**.

In the Windows 2008 Firewall BIOS, use the keyboard to navigate to the **Boot** tab. Verify that the boot order is similar to the order shown below. If not, you will need to select the hard drive using the arrow keys and change its position either up or down by using the <+> or <-> keys as noted in the help section on the right.

Once the order is correct, you can save the BIOS setting and exit BIOS by pressing the **F10** key.
Once the settings are configured, gracefully shut down the VM and navigate your way back into Virtual Machine Properties Options (Section 4.2.2). Uncheck the checkbox under Force BIOS Setup and click OK.

### 4.2.5 Activate Licenses

For each of the Windows machines you will need to turn them on. Accessing them via remote console, you can follow the steps offered in the Microsoft KB articles listed below:

Windows 7: [http://windows.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/activate-windows#1TC=windows-7](http://windows.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/activate-windows#1TC=windows-7)


Listed below are the images that may require activation once the OVF is deployed.

- Windows 2008
- Windows 8
- Windows 2008 Firewall
- Windows 2008 Sniffer
- Windows 7
The following table provides a list of the credentials for the systems in the pod.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Machine</th>
<th>User name</th>
<th>Password</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Windows 2008</td>
<td>administrator</td>
<td>P@ssw0rd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 8</td>
<td>student</td>
<td>password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backtrack 5R3 Internal</td>
<td>root</td>
<td>toor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ubuntu</td>
<td>sysadmin</td>
<td>P@ssw0rd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 2008 Firewall</td>
<td>administrator</td>
<td>firewall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 2008 Sniffer</td>
<td>administrator</td>
<td>sniffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backtrack 5 External</td>
<td>root</td>
<td>toor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows 7</td>
<td>student</td>
<td>password</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Once the Windows virtual machines are licensed, gracefully power down the virtual machines. When all virtual machines are shutdown, continue to the next section.
4.3 Create Snapshots for the Master Virtual Machines

In order to proceed with pod cloning, snapshots must be created on each of the pods virtual machines.

Verify that all VMs are powered off before taking snapshots.

1. Open the vClient on your management workstation. Connect to your vCenter Server on your management machine.
2. Select Hosts and Clusters in the address bar.

3. Right-click on each virtual machine and select Snapshot > Take Snapshot.
4. Enter GOLDEN_MASTER as the Snapshot Name.
5. Enter a description. It is a good idea to include the date in the description for later reference.
6. Click OK.
7. Repeat Steps 3-6 for the remainder virtual machines in the pod.
8. When all tasks are complete, continue to the next section.

4.4 NETLAB+ Virtual Machine Infrastructure Setup

The NETLAB+ Virtual Machine Infrastructure setup is described in the following sections of the Remote PC Guides for NETLAB+:

- Registering a Virtual Datacenter in NETLAB+
- Adding ESXi hosts in NETLAB+
- Proactive Resource Awareness

It is important to configure Proactive Resource Awareness to maximize the number of active pods per physical ESXi host.
4.5  NETLAB+ Virtual Machine Inventory Setup

This section will guide you in adding your templates to the Virtual Machine Inventory of your NETLAB+ system.

1. Login into your NETLAB+ system using the administrator account.
2. Select the Virtual Machine Infrastructure link.
3. Click the Virtual Machine Inventory link.
4. Click the Import Virtual Machines button.
5. Select the check box next to the virtual machines you had just deployed and click Import Selected Virtual Machines.
6. When the Configure Virtual Machines window loads, you can set your virtual machine parameters.
   a. Check the drop down box for the correct operating system for each imported virtual machine.
   b. Change Role to Master.
   c. Add any comments for each virtual machine in the box to the right.
   d. Verify your settings and click Import Selected Virtual Machines.
   e. Click OK when the virtual machines have finished loading.
   f. Verify that your virtual machines show up in the inventory.

For additional information, please refer to the NETLAB+ Remote PC Guide - Volume 3.
4.6 Install the Master Network Security Pod

This section will assist you in adding the Network Security Pod to your NETLAB+ system.

1. Login into NETLAB+ with the administrator account.
2. Select the **Equipment Pods** link.

3. Create a new pod by scrolling to the bottom and clicking the **Add a Pod** button.

4. On the New Pod Wizard page, click **Next**.
5. Then select the NISGTC Network Security pod radio button and click **Next**.

6. Select a Pod ID and click **Next**.

   It is best practice to use a block of sequential ID numbers for the number of pods you are going to install. The Pod ID number determines the order in which the pods will appear in the scheduler.

7. Type in **Network_Security_Master** for the Pod Name and click **Next**.
8. To finalize the wizard click **OK**.

For additional information, please refer to the **NETLAB+ Administrator Guide**.
4.7 Update Master Pod

Update the master pod to associate the virtual machines with the newly created pod.

1. Update the master pod on your NETLAB+ system.
   a. Login into NETLAB+ with the administrator account.
   b. Select the **Equipment Pods** link.

![Equipment Pods](image)


![Network Security](image)

3. Click on the **Magnifying Glass** icon next to the first VM. Please note that your PC IDs will not match the graphic below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PC Name</th>
<th>PC ID</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Type/VM</th>
<th>Operating System</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wn2008Int</td>
<td>4100</td>
<td>ONLINE</td>
<td>ABSENT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wn8Int</td>
<td>4101</td>
<td>ONLINE</td>
<td>ABSENT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BT5Int</td>
<td>4102</td>
<td>ONLINE</td>
<td>ABSENT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ubuntu Int</td>
<td>4103</td>
<td>ONLINE</td>
<td>ABSENT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wn2000Firewall</td>
<td>4104</td>
<td>ONLINE</td>
<td>ABSENT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wn2008Sniff</td>
<td>4105</td>
<td>ONLINE</td>
<td>ABSENT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BT5Ext</td>
<td>4106</td>
<td>ONLINE</td>
<td>ABSENT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wn7Ext</td>
<td>4107</td>
<td>ONLINE</td>
<td>ABSENT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Click on **Modify PC Settings**.

![Modify PC Settings](image)

5. Change the PC Type drop down box to **Use Virtual Machine Inventory**.
6. In the Base Virtual Machine window, select the corresponding virtual machine from the inventory.

   ![Virtual Machine List]

   Net_Security_Master_BT5Ext
   Net_Security_Master_BT5Int
   Net_Security_Master_Ubuntu
   **Net_Security_Master_Win2008**
   Net_Security_Master_Win2008-w
   Net_Security_Master_Win2008Sniff
   Net_Security_Master_Win7
   Net_Security_Master_Win8

7. Update **Base Snapshot** to your **GOLDEN_MASTER** snapshot.
8. Review the information on the screen and click **Update PC Settings**.

   ![Update PC Settings]

9. Click on **Show Pod**.
10. Repeat steps 3 - 9 for the remaining virtual machines.

   **Make sure the pod status is Offline** prior to continuing. The cloning process requires the pod be offline, and since this is our master pod used for cloning other pods with, we will keep it offline to create the instructor and student pods from.
5  Pod Cloning

This section will help you create multiple student pods. The following sections describe the NETLAB+ pod cloning feature used to create student pods on one or two host systems.

5.1  Linked Clones and Full Clones

NETLAB+ can create linked clones or full clones.

A linked clone (or linked virtual machine) is a virtual machine that shares virtual disks with the parent (or master) virtual machine in an ongoing manner. This conserves disk space, and allows multiple virtual machines to use the same software installation. Linked clones can be created very quickly because most of the disk is shared with the parent VM.

A full clone is an independent copy of a virtual machine that shares nothing with the parent virtual machine after the cloning operation. Ongoing operation of a full clone is entirely separate from the parent virtual machine.

5.2  Creating User Pods on the First Host

The following section describes how to create user pods on the same VMware host system that holds your master pod's virtual machines. In this scenario, we will create linked virtual machines using the NETLAB+ pod cloning utility.

1. Login into NETLAB+ with the administrator account.
2. Select the Equipment Pods link.
3. Click on your master pod.
4. Click the **Clone** button to create a new pod based on the settings of this pod.

5. Select the New Pod ID. It is advised to keep the pods in numerical order. If the pod IDs are not in numerical order, they will not show up in the scheduler in numerical order.
6. Click **Next**.
7. Enter a New Pod Name. For example, *Network_Security_Pod01*. Click **Next**.
8. When the action has finished processing, a setting screen will be present.

9. The three key columns for this master pod clone are Source Snapshot, Clone Type and Clone Role. The following settings should be applied to all 8 virtual machines:
   a. Source Snapshot should be set to the **GOLDEN_MASTER** snapshot you created previously.
   b. Under Clone Type, verify that **Linked** is selected.
   c. Under Clone Role, verify that **Normal** role is selected.
10. When you are done changing settings, click **Clone Pod**. This should complete within a minute as we are creating linked virtual machines.
11. When the pod clone process is finished, click **OK**.

Since this is a normal pod, the virtual machines will revert to snapshot upon boot up or shutdown of each pod. You will need to make a **GOLDEN_MASTER** snapshot of every virtual machine in each pod created.
12. Create Snapshots for the Master Virtual Machines for additional information regarding snapshot creation.
13. If you want to dedicate this pod to a particular class, team, or student, use the Pod Assignment feature. For details, see the Pod Assignment Guide.
14. Click the Online button in the Pod Management page to activate the pod.

The user pod can now be reserved. When the reservation becomes active, NETLAB+ will automatically configure virtual machines and virtual networking for your new pod.

The GOLDEN_MASTER snapshot is the starting point for all pods. We recommend that you reserve the 1st pod and conduct some labs to make sure the snapshot images work correctly. If there are defects, make corrections to the images to the master pod and retake the GOLDEN_MASTER snapshot before creating additional pods.

Time Saver: If you clone the 1st user pod instead of the master pod, the defaults will all be set correctly, and you will not have to change the Clone Type or Clone Role each time. NETLAB+ will still assume you want to link to the master VMs as masters are ranked higher than normal or persistent VMs in the default pod cloning selections.

5.3 Copying Your Master Pod to the Second Host

For this task, we will use the pod cloning utility to copy our Master Pod to the second host.

1. Login into NETLAB+ with the administrator account.
2. Select the Equipment Pods link.
3. Click on master pod that was created on the 1st VMware host server.
4. Click the Clone button to create a new pod based on the settings of this pod.
5. **Select the New Pod ID.**

It is advised to keep the pods in numerical order. If the pod IDs are not in numerical order, they will not show up in the scheduler in numerical order.

6. **Click Next.**

7. Enter a New Pod Name. For example, **Network_Security_Master_Pod2**. Click **Next**.

8. When the action has finished processing, a settings screen will be present.

9. The four key columns for this master pod clone are Source Snapshot, Clone Type and Clone Role, and Runtime Host.
   a. **Source Snapshot** should be set to the **GOLDEN_MASTER** snapshot you created previously.
   b. Under **Clone Type**, click the dropdown menu and verify that **Full** is selected.
   c. Under **Clone Role**, click the dropdown menu and select **Master**.
   d. Under **Runtime Host**, select the 2nd host system (which should be different than the system you are cloning from).

10. When you are done changing settings, **Click Clone Pod**. This may take up to 30 minutes as full copies are being made. You may navigate away from the cloning progress screen, and then later return to the pod to check progress.

The NETLAB+ software does not automatically create the snapshots on the virtual machines. It is necessary to create the snapshots manually as you did in a previous section.

11. When the cloning process is complete, you should create a GOLDEN_MASTER snapshot on each virtual machine in the 2nd Master pod.
5.4 Creating User Pods on the Second Host

To create user pods on the second host, repeat the steps to create User pods on the first host (Section 5.2), substituting the second master pod (created in the previous section) as the cloning source.

6 Assigning Pods to Students, Teams or Classes

Please refer to the Pod Assignment Guide for details on using the Pod Assignment feature.